



ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Socio-Economic Profile of the KVK Trainees in Barwani, District (M.P.)

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ABSTRACT

The study has been conducted in Barwani District of M.P. Rajpur block has been selected purposively with 120 respondents. It was found in the present study indicated that 42.5% respondents belonged to middle age group. It was found that majority 37.5% were educated up to middle, while 46% of the respondents in medium land holding, 45% had medium size of family, 50% medium annual income & 45% agriculture + labour and allied occupation, majority of respondent 84.67% had two & above Training Received, 50.83% low risk orientation and 46.67% medium livestock possession.

Key words: Trainers, Barwani

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INTRODUCTION

Appropriate training about improved agricultural technology to the practicing farmers, in service extension personnel and the master trainers is crucial for increasing the agricultural production. The need of training has been realized by the planners since long and appropriate measures have been taken in these regards. The establishment of KVK by the ICAR is one such step. On the basis of recommendations made by a committee, constituted by the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, under the chairman of Dr. Mohan Singh Mehta (1973), such KVKs have been established throughout India. There are 642 KVKs running across the country, Out of these 47 are in Madhya Pradesh. However, only few studies in the past had attempted to assess the socio-economic profile of the KVK trained farmers.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

The study was carried out of the titled Socio-Economic Profile of the trainees in Barwani District of M.P. Rajpur block will be selected for the present study. Ten selected villages by namely Rangaon Road, Gondpura, Salkheda, Rajanii, Moydha, Basvi, Bajard, Bajjta, Bilwa and Danod. The total number of respondents 120. The socio - Economic variables selected for study were Age, Education, Size of family, Land holding, Annual Income, Occupation, Training received. The data was collected with the help of structured schedule. The data was analyzed with the help of statistical tools, percentile.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Age: It is clear from Table that majority of the respondents belonged to middle 42.5% young 35% and 22.5% old aged.

Education: the data in table that 37.5% of the respondents up to middle education level, 22.5% had high school & above level, 21.67% were illiterate and 18.33% had up to primary standard.

Size of family: the finding presented in table shows that majority 45% belonged to medium size of family, 31.67% had high & remaining 23.33% respondents had low size of family.

Land holding: The finding presented in table shows that majority 46.67% of the respondents belonged to medium category, 31.67% had large & small 21.67% respectively.

Annual Income: Shows that majority 50% had medium annual income, 28.33% had low while remaining 21.67% were having high annual income.

Occupation: the data table showed that the majority of the respondents 45% were engaged in Agriculture labour & allied occupation ,20.83% found to farming alone, followed by 17.5% & 16.67% were engaged in agriculture + labour & Agriculture other occupation respectively.

Training received: The data showed about number of training received by trainees revealed that majority 84.67% of the trainers had received one training, & 15.33% respondents received two & more number of training.

Risk Orientation: the table revealed that 50.83 % Respondents had low risk orientation, 25 % Medium and 24.17% high risk orientation.

Livestock position : The data showed that 46.66% Respondents had medium livestock possession, 35.84% High And 15.50% low livestock possession.

Table No.1: Distribution of respondents according to their socio-economic profile

S.No.	Category	No. of res.	%
1	A g e		
	Young	42	35
	Middle	51	42.5
	Old	27	22.5
2	Education		
	Illiterate	26	21.67
	Up to primary	22	18.33
	Up to Middle	45	37.5
3	Size of family		
	Low	28	23.33
	Medium	54	45
	High	38	31.67
4	Land holding		
	Small	26	21.67
	medium	56	46.67
5	Annual income		
	low	34	28.33
	medium	60	50
6	Occupation		
	agriculture+labour & Allied occupation	54	45
	agriculture+labour	21	17.5
	agriculture other occupation	20	16.67
7	family alone	25	20.83
	training received		
8	one	101	84.67
	two & Above	19	15.33
8	Risk orientation		
	Low	29	24.17
	Medium	61	50.83
9	High	30	25.00
	Livestock possession		
	Low	2	1.75
	Medium	56	46.66
9	High	43	35.84

CONCLUSION

It observed from the study that majority of the respondents had middle age. majority of the respondents of the study were up to middle education. as majority of respondents had medium land holding with medium annual income, family alone occupation, majority of respondents were one training received and low risk orientation and medium livestock possession.

Hence above variables should be taken into consideration for selection of trainees so that these trainers can effectively communicate to fellow Trainers resulting in effective service utilization.

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